MIKE FARRELL COLLECTIONS OF INDEPENDENT MAILS

INCLUDING THE HISTORY, FORGERIES, & FANTASIES OF UNITED STATES, LOCAL POSTS, CARRIERS, INDEPENDENT MAIL ROUTES, & EXPRESS CO.S

HOPEDALE PENNY POST

The information and identification within these selections is the individual work of the Farrell Collection. It is always recommended to consult multiple sources for additional information or opinions. Local post company descriptions are based on information available at the time of writing.

Descriptions in the Farrell Collection were written based on personal research and sources including, but not limited to: Articles in the Carriers and Locals Society's The Penny Post; Amos Media's Scott Catalogue; Patton's The Private Local Post of the United States; Springer's Handbook of North American Cinderella Stamps; Lyons' Identifier for Carriers, Locals, Fakes Forgeries and Bogus Posts of the United States; articles in the USPCS's The Chronicle; Mosher's Catalog of Private Express Labels and Stamps; The Eastern Independent Mail Companies and Express Mail Companies 1840-1845; Elliot Perry's Pat Paragraphs; James N. Drummond's Catalog of Philatelic Miscellany; and the notes of George Sloane and Gordon Stimmell.

Colors listed for stamps and forgeries are the opinions of the Farrell Collection based on viewing physical copies of the pieces under consistent lighting. Colors in the .pdfs may be slightly inaccurate due to manipulations from the scanning process, computer monitor settings, or (in event that the files are printed for offline viewing) the printing process.

Unless otherwise noted, stamps are identified by their Scott Catalogue numbers and forgeries are identified by their Lyons Identifier type. Scott numbers in parenthesis under listed forgeries represent approximately what stamp the forgery is attempting to imitate.

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In 1839, Reverend Adin Ballou published the "Standard of Practical Christianity," forming a new branch of Christianity which focused on pacifism and equality. Ballou and other "Practical Christians" hoped to establish a series of self-sustaining communities where they could live and practice their faith. The Hopedale Community, also known as "Fraternal Communion No. 1." was founded in 1842.

In the beginning, the mail was carried from the nearest government post office in Milford, Massachusetts, by whoever happened to visit there. Sometime around 1849, the community trustees were asked to make arrangements for mail to be delivered to and from the post. It was around 1852 that the Hopedale Post Office was officially founded.



PORTRAIT OF ADIN BALLOU

The post operated out of the home of Mrs. Almon Thwing, the first elected Postmistress. Letters were delivered to and from Milford twice a day by a Mr. Pliny Southwick, and delivered within Hopedale by other carriers, including Mrs. Thwing's daughter, Susie. A 1/2¢ stamp paid the charge for delivery.

The Hopedale Penny Post used two distinct stamp designs - the first of which has been broken into two types.

"THE HOPEDALE COMMUNITY" ADVERTISING ENVELOPE (PHOTOCOPY ~150%)

********* * Hopedale * * Penny Past * ***** **

TYPE II - 84L2
PLAIN ASTERISKS IN CORNERS
(PHOTOCOPY ~150%)

The first stamps were printed on glazed pink paper. These stamps featured a border of asterisks. They were probably typographed by the same printer who produced the advertising envelopes distributed to the community, as they use the same asterisks (including a broken one, used for both the envelope and type I stamp). The second type was printed with different, smaller asterisks in the corners.

The cover featured here includes its original contents: a letter discussing the printing of five-hundred advertising envelopes, including this one.

now got up an advertisement of The Hopedale Concernely" for enodopes as you see whom the one enclosing this, Have had Too printed - They Seem to meet with general favor; So much so that nearly all if not all will use Them, I think our friends abroad will also buy of Them for use, I am determined that The world Shall know that then is Such a Thing as The Hopedale Community an existence, he will employ all possible meuns to force ourselors whon public notice. Our moderty on this point has evaporated - if me low had any. The time has come for muckund to leave what Christian Socialism is. They much bear it members Torter T. Heywood Arcadia hayne bo,

> 84L1: 1¢ BLACK ON PINK GLAZED GENUINE ON COVER MAILED WITH 11a: 3¢ DULL RED TIED BY MILFORD, MASSACHUSETTS CDS APRIL 1, (1852)



84L1: 1¢ BLACK ON PINK GLAZED
TYPE I - GENUINE ON COVER
MAILED WITH
11A: 3¢ DULL RED TIED BY GRIDDED CIRCLE HANDSTAMP
MILFORD, MASSACHUSETTS CDS MARCH 19
MANUSCRIPT "PAID"



84L2: 1¢ BLACK ON PINK GLAZED TYPE II - GENUINE ON COVER MAILED WITH 11: 3¢ DULL RED TIED BY CDS MILFORD, MASSACHUSETTS OCTOBER 14 PSE CERT #54844

The second Hopedale Penny Post stamp design was a small four-ring circle. These were most often cut as squares, although the example below is cut to shape. The stamp is affixed to the back of this cover, as was common.



84L3: 1¢ BLACK ON YELLOW WOVE GENUINE ON COVER MAILED WITH MILFORD, MASSACHUSETTS CDS MAY 11

The front of the cover is missing the 3ϕ US stamp it was originally mailed with. This cover was previously of the Hollowbush, Golden and Kuphal collections.

Scott also lists this stamp in pink, unique as a pair.